
$\$ 49.99$
$\$ 50.00$

| Of SAF WebBlast | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 49.99 \text { or } \$ 50 ? \\ \text { One Penny Makes a Huge Difference } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\$ 49.99$ <br> Charm Pricing |  |



SAF WebBlast \begin{tabular}{c}

| $\$ 49.99$ or $\$ 50 ?$ |
| :---: |
| Charm Pricing | \\

Rounded Pricing
\end{tabular}

| SAF WebBlast | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 49.99 \text { or } \$ 50 \text { ? } \\ & \text { One Penny Makes a Huge Difference } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Notes... |  |
| $\$ 49.99$ <br> Charm Pricing | $\$ 50.00$ <br> Rounded Pricing |
| Rules... |  |



What remains largely unexplained by our work is 'Why 9?"' The data and explanations are silent on how customers form beliefs that $\$ 9$ endings convey favorable information that increases demand for an item.

Effects of \$9 Price Endings on Retail Sales:
Evidence from Field Experiments
Author(s): Eric T. Anderson, University of Chicago, Graduate School of Business
Duncan I. Simester, Sloan School of Management, MIT,
Source: Quantitative Marketing and Economics, 1, 93-110, 2003. \# 2003
Copyright: Kluwer Academic Publishers

## People Don’t Like It



## SAF WebBlast

$\$ 49.99$ or $\$ 50 ?$
One Penny Makes a Huge Difference




SAF WebBlast
$\$ 49.99$ or $\$ 50 ?$ One Penny Makes a Huge Difference

$\$ 49.99$ or $\$ 50 ?$
One Penny Makes a Huge Difference





Image Communicated by the Use of 99 Endings in Advertised Prices

```
Author(s): Robert M. Schindler & Thomas M. Kibarian
Source: Journal of Advertising, Vol. 30, Issue. 4 (2001), pp. 95-99
```

The 99 ending increases the likelihood that viewers judge an advertised price as relatively low and as representing a discount...

Notes...


Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings impies value, savings Rus... Rules...


## $\$ 50.00$

Rounded Pricing

Image Communicated by the Use of 99 Endings in Advertised Prices
Author(s): $\quad$ Robert M. Schindler \& Thomas M. Kibarian
Source: Journal of Advertising, Vol. 30, Issue. 4 (2001), pp. 95-99

The 99 ending increases the likelihood that viewers judge an advertised price as relatively low and as representing a discount.
However, in addition to these price-image effects, the 99 ending has negative effects on quality image in the ads sponsored by higher quality retailers.


Notes...

## $\$ 49.99$

Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings


## $\$ 50.00$

Rounded Pricing

- implies quality, status

Rules...





SAF WebBlast
$\$ 49.99$ or $\$ 50 ?$ One Penny Makes a Huge Difference

Notes...

## $\$ 49.99$

Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings

Rounded Pricing
implies quality, status

Rules...

Notes...

## $\$ 49.99$

Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings
$\$ 50.00$
Rounded Pricing
- implies quality, status


## Rules...

- sales \& specials - always use charm pricing


## SAF WebBlast

$\$ 49.99$ or $\$ 50 ?$ One Penny Makes a Huge Difference

Notes...


Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings


## $\$ 50.00$

Rounded Pricing
implies quality, status

Rules...

- sales \& specials - always use charm pricing
- premium \& deluxe versions - use rounded pricing


Notes...

## $\$ 49.99$

Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings
$\$ 50.00$
Rounded Pricing
implies quality, status

Rules...

- sales \& specials - always use charm pricing
- premium \& deluxe versions - use rounded pricing
- don't be all in on either model - make an informed decision on a case-by-case basis


## This Number Just Feels Right:

The Impact of Roundedness of Price Numbers on Product Evaluations

```
Author(s): Monica Wadhwa and Kuangjie Zhang
Source: Joumal of Consumer Research, Vol. 41, No. 5 (February 2015), pp. 1172-1185
Published by: The University of Chicago Press
```

...because rounded numbers are more fluently processed, rounded prices (e.g., \$200.00) encourage reliance on feelings. In contrast, because nonrounded numbers are disfluently processed, nonrounded prices (e.g., \$198.76) encourage reliance on cognition.

## This Number Just Feels Right:

The Impact of Roundedness of Price Numbers on Product Evaluations

```
Author(s): Monica Wadhwa and Kuangjie Zhang
Source: Joumal of Consumer Research, Vol. 41, No. 5 (February 2015), pp. 1172-1185
Published by: The University of Chicago Press
```

First, our results show that when the purchase decision is driven by feelings, marketers are likely to benefit from pricing the products at rounded prices.

In contrast, when the purchase decision is driven by cognition, marketers are likely to benefit from pricing the products at nonrounded prices.

Notes...

## $\$ 49.99$

Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings
- appeals to reason


## $\$ 50.00$

Rounded Pricing

- implies quality, status
- appeals to emotion


## Rules...

- sales \& specials - always use charm pricing
- premium \& deluxe versions - use rounded pricing
- don't be all in on either model - make an informed decision on a case-by-case basis


## This Number Just Feels Right:

The Impact of Roundedness of Price Numbers on Product Evaluations

```
Author(s): Monica Wadhwa and Kuangjie Zhang
Source: Journal of Consumer Research, Vol. 41, No. 5 (February 2015), pp. 1172-1185
Published by: The University of Chicago Press
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Second, our results show that not only do rounded versus nonrounded prices affect the anticipated satisfaction and purchase intention, but it could also affect the perceived product performance. For example, participants perceived the quality of the pictures taken from a camera they were purportedly buying for a vacation to be better when the camera was priced at a rounded number than a nonrounded number. In contrast, they reported the quality of the pictures taken from the camera they were purportedly buying for a class to be better when the camera was priced at a nonrounded as compared to a rounded price.

Notes...

## $\$ 49.99$

Charm Pricing

- implies value, savings
appeals to reason


## $\$ 50.00$

Rounded Pricing

- implies quality, status
- appeals to emotion


## Rules...

- sales \& specials - always use charm pricing
- premium \& deluxe versions - use rounded pricing
- don't be all in on either model - make an informed decision on a case-by-case basis
- pricing will affect not just purchasing but enjoyment


